

Ex. 05 → A Reta.

01)  $P = A + t(B-A)$

$P(x, y, z)$

I)  $(x, y, z) = (2, -3, 4) + t(-1, 2, -2)$

$A(2, -3, 4)$

$B(1, -1, 2)$

II)  $C(5/2, -4, 5)$

III)  $D(-1, 3, 4)$

$x = 2 - t$

$5/2 = 2 - t$

$x = 2 - t$

$y = -3 + 2t$

$z = 4 - 2t$

$y = -3 + 2t$

$t = -1/2$

$-1 = 2 - t$

$3 = -3 + 2t$

$4 = 4 - 2t$

$z = 4 - 2t$

$-4 = -3 + 2t$

$t = 3$

$t = 3$

$-2t = 0$

$5 = 4 - 2t$

$t = -1/2$

$t = 0$

$t = -1/2$

$D \notin \pi$

$C \in \pi$

02)  $\pi: (x, y, z) = (-1, 2, 3) + t(2, -3, 0)$

$\pi: \begin{cases} x = -1 + 2t \\ y = 2 - 3t \\ z = 3 \end{cases}$

03)  $\vec{v} = (0, 0, 1)$

$\pi: (x, y, z) = (1, 4, 3) + t(0, 0, 1)$

$A(1, 2, 3)$

$\begin{cases} x = 1 \\ y = 2 \\ z = 3 + t \end{cases}$

04)  $\begin{cases} x = 2 + t \\ y = 3 - t \\ z = -4 + 2t \end{cases}$

a)  $y = 6$

$6 = 3 - t$

$x = 2 + t$

$z = -4 + 2(13)$

$P(x, 6, z)$

$t = -3$

$x = -1$

$z = -10$

$P(-1, 6, -10)$

b)  $x = y$

$2 + t = 3 - t$

$x = 2 + 1/2 = 5/2$

$Q(x, y, z)$

$2t = 1$

$y = 3 - 1/2 = 5/2$

$Q(5/2, 5/2, -3)$

$t = 1/2$

$z = -4 + 2(1/2) = -3$

$$\begin{aligned} c) z &= 4x & -4 + 2t &= 4(2+t) & x &= 2-6 = -4 \\ R(x,y,z) & & -4 + 2t &= 8+4t & y &= 3-(-6) = 9 \\ & & 2t &= -12 & z &= -4 + 2(-6) = -16 \\ & & t &= -6 \end{aligned}$$

$$R(-4, 9, -16)$$

05)  $A(4, -3, -2)$   $S: (x, y, z) = (1, 2, 3) + t(3, -4, -1)$

$$S: \begin{cases} x = 1 + 3t \\ y = 2 - 4t \\ z = 3 - t \end{cases} \quad M: (m, n, -5) = (4, -3, -2) + t(3, -4, -1)$$

$$\begin{aligned} -5 &= -2 - t & m &= 4 + 3t & n &= -3 - 4t \\ t &= 3 & m &= 4 + 3 \cdot 3 & n &= -3 - 4 \cdot 3 \\ m &= 13 & n &= -15 \end{aligned}$$

obs: como s//n, os valores dados são iguais.

06) a)  $P = A + t(B-A)$   $C: (x, y, z) = (1, 2, 3) + t(0, 1, -1)$

$$(x, y, z) = (1, -1, 2) + t(1, 2, -2)$$

$$M: \begin{cases} x = 1 + t \\ y = -1 + 2t \\ z = 2 - 2t \end{cases} \quad N: \begin{cases} x = 1 \\ y = 2 + t \\ z = 3 - t \end{cases}$$

b)  $(x, y, z) = (3, 1, 4) + t(0, -3, -2)$   $d) (x, y, z) = (0, 0, 0) + t(0, 1, 0)$

$$M: \begin{cases} x = 3 \\ y = 1 - 3t \\ z = 4 - 2t \end{cases} \quad N: \begin{cases} x = 0 \\ y = t \\ z = 0 \end{cases}$$

07) a)  $A(2, 0, 4)$   $P = A + t(B-A)$   $(x, y, z) = (2, 0, 4) + t(-2, 0, 0)$

$$B(0, 0, 4) =$$

$$P(x, y, z) =$$

$$M: \begin{cases} x = 2 - 2t \\ y = 0 \\ z = 4 \end{cases}$$

b) $C(0,3,0)$	$P = C + t(D-C)$	$\eta: \begin{cases} x = 2t \\ y = 3 \\ z = 0 \end{cases}$
$D(2,3,0)$	$(x,y,z) = (0,3,0) + t(2,0,0)$	
$P(x,y,z)$		

c) $A(2,0,4)$	$P = A + t(D-A)$	$\eta: \begin{cases} x = 2 \\ y = 3t \\ z = 4-t \end{cases}$
$D(2,3,0)$	$(x,y,z) = (2,0,4) + t(0,3,-4)$	
$P(x,y,z)$		

d) $B(0,0,4)$	$P = B + t(C-B)$	$\eta: \begin{cases} x = 0 \\ y = 3t \\ z = 4-t \end{cases}$
$C(0,3,0)$	$(x,y,z) = (0,0,4) + t(0,3,-4)$	
$P(x,y,z)$		

e) $D(2,3,0)$	$P = D + t(E-D)$	$\eta: \begin{cases} x = 2 \\ y = 3-3t \\ z = 0 \end{cases}$
$E(2,0,0)$	$(x,y,z) = (2,3,0) + t(0,-3,0)$	
$P(x,y,z)$		

f) $B(0,0,4)$	$P = B + t(D-B)$	$\eta: \begin{cases} x = 2t \\ y = 3t \\ z = 4-t \end{cases}$
$D(2,3,0)$	$(x,y,z) = (0,0,4) + t(2,3,-4)$	
$P(x,y,z)$		

8) $P(m,1,n)$	$P = A + t(B-A)$	$\eta: \begin{cases} m = 3+t \\ 1 = -1-2t \\ n = 4-5t \end{cases}$
$A(3,-1,4)$	$(m,1,n) = (3,-1,4) + t(1,-2,-5)$	
$B(4,-3,-1)$		

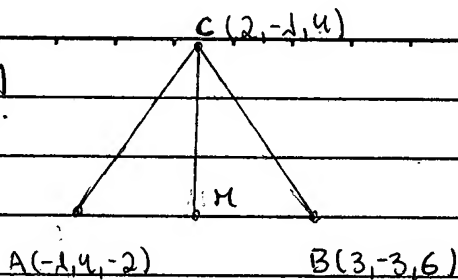
$1 = -1 - 2t$	$m = 3 + t$	$n = 4 - 5t$
$-2t = -2$	$m = 3 - 1$	$n = 4 - 5(-1)$
<u><math>t = 1</math></u>	<u><math>m = 2</math></u>	$n = 4 + 5$
		<u><math>n = 9</math></u>

$P(2,1,9)$

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09)



$$M = \left( \frac{x_A + x_B}{2}, \frac{y_A + y_B}{2}, \frac{z_A + z_B}{2} \right)$$

$$M = \left( \frac{-1+3}{2}, \frac{4+(-3)}{2}, \frac{-2+6}{2} \right)$$

$$M = (1, 1/2, 2)$$

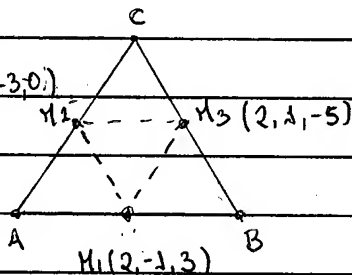
$$\vec{MC} = (1, -3/2, 2)$$

$$P = M + t(C-M)$$

$$(x, y, z) = (1, 1/2, 2) + t(1, -3/2, -2)$$

$$M: \begin{cases} x = 1+t \\ y = 1/2 - 3/2t \\ z = 2-2t \end{cases}$$

10)



$$P = M_1 + t(M_3 - M_2)$$

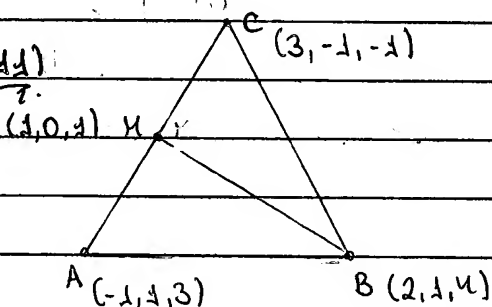
$$(x, y, z) = (2, -1, 3) + t(1, 4, -5)$$

$$M: \begin{cases} x = 2+t \\ y = -1+4t \\ z = 3-5t \end{cases}$$

$$\vec{M_2M_3} = \frac{1}{2}(\vec{AC} + \vec{CB})$$

$$\vec{M_2M_3} = \frac{1}{2}\vec{AB} \Rightarrow \vec{M_2M_3} = (1, 4, -5)$$

11)



$$I) \vec{AB} = \vec{v}$$

$$P = A + t(B-A)$$

$$(x, y, z) = (-1, 1, 3) + t(3, 0, 1)$$

$$M: \begin{cases} x = -1+3t \\ y = 1 \\ z = 3+t \end{cases}$$

$$II) \vec{v} = \vec{AC} \quad P = A + t(C-A)$$

$$(x, y, z) = (-1, 1, 3) + t(4, -2, -4)$$

$$N: \begin{cases} x = -1+4t \\ y = 1-2t \\ z = 3-4t \end{cases}$$

III)  $\vec{v} = \vec{BC}$

$P = B + t(C - B)$

$P(x, y, z)$

$(x, y, z) = (2, 1, 4) + t(1, -2, -5)$

$$t: \begin{cases} x = 2 + t \\ y = 1 - 2t \\ z = 4 - 5t \end{cases}$$

IV)  $\vec{AB} = \vec{v}$

$P = A + t(B - A)$

$P(x, y, z)$

$(x, y, z) = (1, 0, 1) + t(-1, 1, 3)$

$$t: \begin{cases} x = 1 + t \\ y = t \\ z = 1 + 3t \end{cases}$$

12)  $\pi: \frac{x-3}{-1} = \frac{y+1}{2} = \frac{z-2}{-2} \Rightarrow \pi: (x, y, z) = (3, -1, 2) + t(-1, 2, -2)$

$$\Rightarrow \pi: \begin{cases} x = 3 - t \\ y = -1 + 2t \\ z = 2 - 2t \end{cases}$$

I)  $P(5, -5, 6)$

$5 = 3 - t \quad -5 = -1 + 2t \quad 6 = 2 - 2t$

$t = -2$

$t = -2$

$t = -2$

$P \in \pi$

II)  $P_2(4, -1, 12)$

$4 = 3 - t \quad -1 = -1 + 2t \quad 12 = 2 - 2t$

$t = -1$

$t = 0$

$t = -5$

$P_2 \notin \pi$

13)  $\pi: (x, y, z) = (1, -3, 0) + t(2, -1, 4)$

$$\Rightarrow \pi: \begin{cases} x = 1 + 2t \\ y = -3 - t \\ z = 4t \end{cases}$$

a)  $x = 5; \quad 5 = 1 + 2t \quad y = -3 - t$   
 $2t = 4 \quad y = -3 - 2$   
 $t = 2$   $y = -5$

$z = 4t$

$z = 4 \cdot 2$

$z = 8$

$P(5, -5, 8)$

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$$\begin{aligned} b) \quad y=2; \quad y &= -3-t \quad x=1+2t \quad z=4t \\ z &= -3-t \quad x=1+2(-5) \quad z=4(-5) \\ t &= -5 \quad x = -9 \quad z = -20 \end{aligned}$$

$Q(-9, 2, -20)$

14)  $P(1, y, z)$   $\pi: (2x, 3y, z) = (-1, 2, -4) + t(3, 2, 1)$

$$\begin{aligned} 2x &= -1+3t \\ 3y &= 2+2t \\ z &= -4+t \end{aligned}$$

$z = -4 + 1$

$z = -3$

$P(1, 4/3, -3)$

11) vetor diretor  $(x, y, z)$

$$\pi: \frac{2x+1}{3} = \frac{3y-2}{2} = \frac{z+4}{1} \Rightarrow \frac{x+1/2}{3/2} = \frac{y-2/3}{2/3} = \frac{z+4}{1}$$

$$\pi: (x, y, z) = (-1/2, 2/3, -4) + t(3/2, 2/3, 1)$$

vetor diretor

$$3 \cdot (3/2, 2/3, 1)$$

$(9/2, 2, 3)$

15) a)  $A(4,0,-3)$

$\vec{r}$

$\vec{v} = (2,4,5)$

$r: (x,y,z) = (4,0,-3) + t(2,4,5)$

$\Rightarrow r: \frac{x-4}{2} = \frac{y}{4} = \frac{z+3}{5}$

$\Rightarrow r: \begin{cases} y = 2x - 8 \\ z = 5x/2 - 13 \end{cases}$

b)  $A(1,-2,3)$

$P = A + t(B-A)$

$B(3,-1,-1)$

$r: (x,y,z) = (1,-2,3) + t(2,1,-4)$

$P(x,y,z)$

$\Rightarrow r: \frac{x-1}{2} = \frac{y+2}{1} = \frac{z-3}{-4}$

$\frac{x-1}{2} = \frac{y+2}{1}$

$\frac{x-1}{2} = \frac{z-3}{-4}$

$\frac{x-1}{2} = y+2$

$z-3 = -2x+2$

$z = -2x+5$

$\Rightarrow r: \begin{cases} y = x-5 \\ z = -2x+5 \end{cases}$

$y = x-1-4 = x-5$

c)  $A(-1,2,3)$

$P = A + t(B-A)$

$B(2,-1,3)$

$r: (x,y,z) = (-1,2,3) + t(3,-3,0)$

$P(x,y,z)$

$\Rightarrow r: \frac{x+1}{3} = \frac{y-2}{-3} = \frac{z-3}{0}$

$\frac{x+1}{3} = \frac{y-2}{-3}$

$\frac{x+1}{3} = \frac{z-3}{0}$

$\Rightarrow r: \begin{cases} y = -x+1 \\ z = 3 \end{cases}$

$y = -x+1$

$z = 3$

$y = -x+1$

$z = 3$

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$$d) \begin{cases} x = 2 - t \\ y = 3t \\ z = 4t - 5 \end{cases} \Rightarrow M: \frac{x-2}{-1} = \frac{y}{3} = \frac{z+5}{4}$$

Equações reduzidas:

$$\frac{x-2}{-1} = \frac{y}{3}$$

$$\frac{x-2}{-1} = \frac{z+5}{4}$$

$$\Rightarrow M: \begin{cases} y = -3x + 6 \\ z = -4x + 3 \end{cases}$$

$$\underline{y = -3x + 6}$$

$$z + 5 = -4x + 8$$

$$\underline{z = -4x + 3}$$

$$16) A(-1, 6, 3)$$

$$P = A + t(B - A)$$

$$B(2, 2, 1)$$

$$M(x, y, z) = (-1, 6, 3) + t(3, -4, -2)$$

$$P(x, y, z)$$

$$\frac{x+1}{3} = \frac{z-3}{-2}$$

$$\frac{y-6}{-4} = \frac{z-3}{-2}$$

Equações Simétricas:

$$\Rightarrow M: \frac{x+1}{3} = \frac{y-6}{-4} = \frac{z-3}{-2}$$

$$\frac{x+1}{3} = \frac{z-3}{-2}$$

$$\frac{y-6}{-4} = \frac{z-3}{-2}$$

$$\underline{y = 2z}$$

$$\underline{x = -3z + 7}$$

Equações reduzidas:

$$\Rightarrow M: \begin{cases} x = -3z + 7 \\ y = 2z \end{cases}$$

$$17) \begin{cases} y = 2x + 3 \\ z = x - 1 \end{cases}$$

$$a) y = 9;$$

$$9 = 2x + 3$$

$$z = 3 - 1$$

$$P(3, 9, 2)$$

$$2x = 6$$

$$\underline{z = 2}$$

$$\underline{x = 3}$$

$$b) x = 2z;$$

$$z = x - 1$$

$$1 = x - 1$$

$$y = 2 \cdot 2 + 3$$

$$\underline{Q(2, 7, 1)}$$

$$z = 2z - 1$$

$$\underline{x = 2}$$

$$\underline{y = 7}$$

$$\underline{z = 1}$$



$$c) y = 3z ; \quad \begin{cases} 3z = 2x + 3 \\ z = x - 1 \end{cases} \quad \begin{aligned} 3(x-1) &= 2x + 3 \\ 3x - 3 &= 2x + 3 \end{aligned} \quad \begin{aligned} z &= 6 - 1 \\ z &= 5 \end{aligned}$$

$$y = 3 \cdot 5 = 15$$

$$x = 6$$

$$R(6, 15, 5)$$

$$18) a) \quad \begin{cases} x = 1 - t \\ y = -1 + 2t \\ z = 2 + t \end{cases} \Rightarrow H: (x, y, z) = (1, -1, 2) + t(-1, 2, 1)$$

$$19) a) \quad \vec{r} = (1, 0, 0) \quad H: (x, y, z) = (3, -2, 4) + t(1, 0, 0)$$

$$A(3, -2, 4) \quad P(x, y, z) \Rightarrow H: \begin{cases} x = 3 + t \\ y = -2 \\ z = 4 \end{cases}$$

$$b) \quad \vec{r} = (0, 1, 0) \quad S: (x, y, z) = (2, 2, 4) + t(0, 1, 0)$$

$$A(2, 2, 4) \Rightarrow S: \begin{cases} x = 2 \\ y = 2 + t \\ z = 4 \end{cases}$$

$$c) \quad \vec{r} = (0, 0, 1) \quad P: (x, y, z) = (-2, 3, 4) + t(0, 0, 1)$$

$$A(-2, 3, 4) \Rightarrow P: \begin{cases} x = -2 \\ y = 3 \\ z = 4 + t \end{cases}$$

$$d) \quad \vec{r} = (3, -2, 0) \quad H: (x, y, z) = (4, -1, 3) + t(2, -2, 0)$$

$$A(4, -1, 3) \Rightarrow H: \begin{cases} x = 4 + 2t \\ y = -1 - 2t \\ z = 3 \end{cases}$$

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$$e) A(3, -1, 3)$$

$$P = A + t(B-A)$$

$$B(3, 3, 4)$$

$$M: (x, y, z) = (3, -1, 3) + t(0, 4, 1)$$

$$P(x, y, z)$$

$$\Rightarrow M: \begin{cases} x=3 \\ y=-1+4t \\ z=3+t \end{cases}$$

$$20) A(4, -5, 3)$$

$$I) 0_x \Rightarrow \vec{v} = (1, 0, 0)$$

$$M: (x, y, z) = (4, -5, 3) + t(1, 0, 0)$$

$$\Rightarrow M: \begin{cases} x=4+t \\ y=-5 \\ z=3 \end{cases}$$

$$II) 0_y \Rightarrow \vec{v} = (0, 1, 0)$$

$$III) 0_z \Rightarrow \vec{v} = (0, 0, 1)$$

$$S: (x, y, z) = (4, -5, 3) + t(0, 1, 0)$$

$$P: (x, y, z) = (4, -5, 3) + t(0, 0, 1)$$

$$\Rightarrow S: \begin{cases} x=4 \\ y=-5+t \\ z=3 \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow P: \begin{cases} x=4 \\ y=-5 \\ z=3+t \end{cases}$$

$$21) a)$$

$$M_1: \begin{cases} x=-2-t \\ y=t \\ z=3-2t \end{cases}$$

$$M_2: \begin{cases} x=2t \\ y=-6+t \\ z=1+t \end{cases}$$

$$\vec{v}_1 = (-1, 1, -2)$$

$$\vec{v}_2 = (2, 1, 1)$$

$$\cos \theta = \frac{|\vec{v}_1 \cdot \vec{v}_2|}{|\vec{v}_1| \cdot |\vec{v}_2|}$$

$$\cos \theta = \frac{|(-1, 1, -2) \cdot (2, 1, 1)|}{\sqrt{6} \cdot \sqrt{6}}$$

$$|\vec{v}_1| = \sqrt{(-1)^2 + 1^2 + (-2)^2} = \sqrt{6}$$

$$\cos \theta = \frac{|-2 + 1 - 2|}{6} = \frac{3}{6} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$|\vec{v}_2| = \sqrt{2^2 + 1^2 + 1^2} = \sqrt{6}$$

$$\cos \theta = \frac{1}{2} = 60^\circ$$

$$b) \pi_1: \begin{cases} y = -2x + 3 \\ z = x - 2 \end{cases} \quad \pi_2: \begin{cases} y = z + 1 \\ x = 4 \end{cases} \quad \vec{v}_1(1, -2, 1) \quad \vec{v}_2(1, -1, 0)$$

$$\cos \theta = \frac{|\vec{v}_1 \cdot \vec{v}_2|}{|\vec{v}_1| \cdot |\vec{v}_2|} = \frac{|(1, -2, 1) \cdot (1, -1, 0)|}{\sqrt{6} \cdot \sqrt{2}} = \frac{1 + 2}{\sqrt{12}} = \frac{3}{2\sqrt{3}} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} = \frac{3\sqrt{3}}{6} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} = 30^\circ$$

$$|\vec{v}_1| = \sqrt{1^2 + (-2)^2 + 1^2} = \sqrt{6}$$

$$|\vec{v}_2| = \sqrt{1^2 + (-1)^2} = \sqrt{2}$$

$$c) \pi_1: \begin{cases} x = 1 + \sqrt{2}t \\ y = t \\ z = 5 - 3t \end{cases} \quad \pi_2: \begin{cases} x = 3 \\ y = 2 \end{cases} \quad \vec{v}_1(\sqrt{2}, 1, -3) \quad \vec{v}_2(0, 0, 1)$$

$$|\vec{v}_1| = \sqrt{(\sqrt{2})^2 + 1^2 + (-3)^2} = \sqrt{12}$$

$$\cos \theta = \frac{|(\sqrt{2}, 1, -3) \cdot (0, 0, 1)|}{\sqrt{12}} = \frac{-3}{\sqrt{12}}$$

$$|\vec{v}_2| = \sqrt{1^2} = 1$$

$$\cos \theta = \frac{|-3|}{2\sqrt{3} \cdot \sqrt{3}} = \frac{3\sqrt{3}}{6} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} = 30^\circ$$

$$d) \pi_1: \begin{cases} x - 4 = y \\ -1 = z - 2 \end{cases} \quad \pi_2: \begin{cases} x = 1 \\ y = z - 2 \end{cases} \quad \vec{v}_1(2, -1, -2) \quad \vec{v}_2(0, 4, 3)$$

$$|\vec{v}_1| = \sqrt{2^2 + (-1)^2 + (-2)^2} = \sqrt{9} = 3$$

$$\cos \theta = \frac{|(2, -1, -2) \cdot (0, 4, 3)|}{3 \cdot 5}$$

$$|\vec{v}_2| = \sqrt{0^2 + 4^2 + 3^2} = \sqrt{25} = 5$$

$$\cos \theta = \frac{|-10|}{3 \cdot 5} = \frac{10}{15} = \frac{2}{3} \approx 48,11^\circ$$

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22) a)  $\eta: \frac{x-2}{4} = \frac{y}{5} = \frac{z}{3}$

$\eta: \begin{cases} y = mx + 5 & x=0; A(0, 5, 2) \\ z = 2x - 2 & x=1; B(1, \eta+5, 0) \end{cases}$

$\vec{v}_1 = (4, 5, 3)$

$\vec{v}_2 = (1, \eta, 2)$

$\cos \theta = 30^\circ$

$|\vec{v}_1| = \sqrt{4^2 + 5^2 + 3^2} = \sqrt{50}$

$\frac{|(4, 5, 3) \cdot (1, \eta, 2)|}{5\sqrt{2} \cdot \sqrt{\eta^2 + 5}} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$

$|\vec{v}_2| = \sqrt{1^2 + \eta^2 + 2^2} = \sqrt{\eta^2 + 5}$

$\frac{5(10\eta + 20)}{5 \cdot \sqrt{2\eta^2 + 20}} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$

$10\eta + 20 = 5 \cdot \sqrt{6\eta^2 + 30}$

$(10\eta + 20)^2 = 25 \cdot (6\eta^2 + 30)$

$100\eta^2 + 400\eta + 400 = 150\eta^2 + 750$

$50\eta^2 - 400\eta + 350 = 0$

$5\eta^2 - 40\eta + 35 = 0$

$\eta^2 - 8\eta + 7 = 0$

$\Delta = 64 - 28 = 36$

$\eta = \frac{8 \pm 6}{2}$

$\eta' = 7$

$\eta'' = 1$

b)  $\eta: \begin{cases} y = \eta x - 1 \\ z = 2x \end{cases}$

$\eta: \text{fixo } 0y$

$|\vec{v}_1| = 1$

$\vec{v}_1 = (0, 1, 0)$

$|\vec{v}_2| = \sqrt{\eta^2 + 5}$

$x=0; A(0, -1, 0)$

$x=1; B(1, \eta-1, 2)$

$\cos \theta = 30^\circ$

$\vec{v}_2 = (1, \eta, 2)$

$\frac{|(0, 1, 0) \cdot (1, \eta, 2)|}{\sqrt{\eta^2 + 5}} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$

$\eta \cdot 2 = \sqrt{3\eta^2 + 15}$

$(2\eta)^2 = (3\eta^2 + 15)$

$4\eta^2 = 3\eta^2 + 15$

$\eta^2 = 15$

$\eta = \pm \sqrt{15}$

23) a)  $\pi_1: \begin{cases} x = 2mt - 3 \\ y = 1 + 3t \\ z = -4t \end{cases}$

$\pi_2: \begin{cases} x = 2y - 1 \\ z = -y + 4 \end{cases}$

$\pi_1 \perp \pi_2$   
 $\vec{v}_1 \cdot \vec{v}_2 = 0$

$\vec{v}_1 = (2m, 3, -4)$

$y = 0; A(-1, 0, 4)$

$y = 1; B(1, 1, 3)$

$\vec{v}_2 = (2, 1, -1)$

$\vec{v}_1 \cdot \vec{v}_2 = 0$

$(2m, 3, -4) \cdot (2, 1, -1) = 0$

$4m + 3 + 4 = 0$

$4m = -7$

$m = -7/4$

b)  $\pi_1: \begin{cases} y = mx + 3 \\ z = x - 1 \end{cases}$

$\pi_2$ : reta por  $A(1, 0, m) \in B(-2, 2m, 2m)$

$\pi_2: (x, y, z) = (1, 0, m) + t(-3, 2m, m)$

$x = 0; A(0, 3, -1)$

$\vec{v}_2 = (-3, 2m, m)$

$x = 1; B(1, m+3, 0)$

$\vec{v}_1 = (1, m, 1)$

$\pi_1 \perp \pi_2$

$\vec{v}_1 \cdot \vec{v}_2 = 0$

$(1, m, 1) \cdot (-3, 2m, m) = 0$

$-3 + 2m^2 + m = 0$

$\Delta = 1 + 24 = 25$

$m = \frac{-1 \pm 5}{4}$

$m' = -6/4 = -3/2$

$m'' = 1$

24) a)  $A(3, 2, -1)$

$\pi_1: \begin{cases} x = 3 \\ y = -1 \end{cases}$

$\vec{v}_1 = (0, 0, 1)$

$\pi_2: \begin{cases} y = x - 3 \\ z = -2x + 3 \end{cases}$

$x = 0; C(0, -3, 3)$

$x = 1; D(1, -2, 1)$

$\vec{v}_2 = (1, 1, -2)$

$$\vec{v}_1 \times \vec{v}_2 = \begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} & \hat{k} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & -2 \end{vmatrix} \begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} \\ 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = 1\hat{j} - 1\hat{i} \Rightarrow \vec{v} = (-1, 1, 0)$$

Equações Paramétricas

que passa pelo ponto A.

$$\eta: (x, y, z) = (3, 2, -1) + t(-1, 1, 0)$$

$$\begin{cases} x = 3 - t \\ y = 2 + t \\ z = -1 \end{cases}$$

b) A(0,0,0)

$$\eta_1: \frac{x}{2} = \frac{y}{1} = \frac{z-3}{2}$$

$$\vec{v}_1 = (2, 1, 2)$$

$$\eta_2: \begin{cases} x = 3 + t \\ y = -t + 1 \\ z = 2 \end{cases}$$

$$\vec{v}_2 = (3, -1, 0)$$

$$\vec{v}_1 \times \vec{v}_2 = \begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} & \hat{k} \\ 2 & 1 & 2 \\ 3 & -1 & 0 \end{vmatrix} \begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} \\ 2 & 1 \\ 3 & -1 \end{vmatrix} = 6\hat{j} - 2\hat{k} - 3\hat{k} + 2\hat{i} = 2\hat{i} + 6\hat{j} - 5\hat{k} \Rightarrow \vec{v} = (2, 6, -5)$$

Equações Paramétricas

que passa pelo ponto A.

$$\eta: (x, y, z) = (0, 0, 0) + t(2, 6, -5)$$

$$\Rightarrow \eta: \begin{cases} x = 2t \\ y = 6t \\ z = -5t \end{cases}$$

c)  $M_1: \begin{cases} x = 2 + t_1 \\ y = -1 + 2t_1 \\ z = 3t_1 \end{cases} \quad M_2: \begin{cases} x = 1 - t_2 \\ y = t_2 \\ z = 2 + 2t_2 \end{cases}$  I)  $y = y$   
 $t_2 = -1 + 2t_1$   
 $\vec{r}_1 = (2, 2, 3) \quad \vec{r}_2 = (-1, 1, 2)$  II)  $x = x$

$\vec{r}_1 \times \vec{r}_2 = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ -1 & 1 & 2 \end{vmatrix} = 4 - 3, -3 - 2, 1 + 2$   
 $\vec{v} = (1, -5, 3)$   
 $2 + t_1 = 1 - t_2$   
 $2 + t_1 = 1 + 1 + 2t_1$   
 $3t_1 = 2 - 2$

Ponto de interseção:

$M_1: \begin{cases} x = 2 \\ y = -1 \\ z = 0 \end{cases} \quad M_2: \begin{cases} x = 2 \\ y = -1 \\ z = 0 \end{cases}$   
 $I(2, -1, 0)$   
 $\vec{v} = (1, -5, 3)$   
 Eq. Paramétrica:  
 $t_1 = 0$   
 $t_2 = -1$

25) a)  $M_1: \begin{cases} y = 2x - 3 \\ z = -x + 5 \end{cases} \quad M_2: \begin{cases} y = -3x + 7 \\ z = x + 1 \end{cases}$

$\Rightarrow M_1: \begin{cases} x = t \\ y = -3 + 2t \\ z = 5 - t \end{cases} \quad \Rightarrow M_2: \begin{cases} x = t \\ y = 7 - 3t \\ z = 1 + t \end{cases}$

$-3 + 2t = 7 - 3t \quad 5 - t = 1 + t \quad t = t$   
 $5t = 10 \quad 2t = 4 \quad 2 = 2$   
 $t = 2 \quad t = 2$   
 $I(2, 1, 3)$

b)  $M_1: \begin{cases} 3 + 2t_1 \\ -1 - 3t_1 \\ 2 + 4t_1 \end{cases} \quad M_2: \begin{cases} -1 + t_2 \\ 4 - t_2 \\ -8 + 3t_2 \end{cases}$   
 I)  $3 + 2t_1 = -1 + t_2$   
 $t_2 = 2t_1 + 4$   
 $t_2 = 2$   
 II)  $-1 - 3t_1 = 4 - 2t_1 - 4$   
 $-1 = t_1$

$I(1, 2, -2)$

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c) 
$$\begin{cases} y = 2x - 3 \\ z = -x - 10 \end{cases} \quad \text{M}_2: \begin{cases} x = \frac{y-4}{3} = \frac{2-1}{-2} \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{M}_1: \begin{cases} x = t \\ y = -3 + 2t \\ z = -10 - t \end{cases} \quad \Rightarrow \text{M}_2: \begin{cases} x = t \\ y = 4 + 3t \\ z = -1 - 2t \end{cases}$$

I)  $t = t$

II)  $-3 + 2t = 4 + 3t$

III)  $-10 - t = -1 - 2t$

$t = -7$

$t = -9$

Não são concorrentes.

d) 
$$\begin{cases} x = 2 - t \\ y = 3 - 5t \\ z = 6 - 6t \end{cases} \quad \text{M}_2: \begin{cases} x = -3 + 6h \\ y = 1 + 7h \\ z = -1 + 13h \end{cases} \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{I) } 2 - t = -3 + 6h \\ \text{II) } 3 - 5t = 1 + 7h \\ \text{III) } 6 - 6t = -1 + 13h \end{array}$$

I)  $t = 5 - 6h$

II)  $3 - 25 + 30h = 1 + 7h$

III)  $6 - 30 + 36h = -1 + 13h$

$23h = 23$

$23h = 23$

$t = -1$

$h = 1$

$h = 1$

I(3, 8, 12)

e) 
$$\begin{cases} x = 2 + t \\ y = 4 - 2t \\ z = 1 + 3t \end{cases} \quad \text{M}_2: \begin{cases} x = -1 + 4t \\ y = 2 + 3t \\ z = 5 - 2t \end{cases} \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{I) } 2 + t = -1 + 4t \\ 3t = 3 \\ t = 1 \end{array}$$

II)  $4 - 2t = 2 + 3t$

III)  $1 + 3t = 5 - 2t$

Não são concorrentes.

$5t = 2$

$5t = 4$

$t = 2/5$

$t = 4/5$



$$p) \begin{cases} x = 2+t \\ y = 4-t \\ z = -t \end{cases}$$

$$r) \begin{cases} y = 6-x \\ z = 2-x \end{cases}$$

$$s) \begin{cases} x = t \\ y = 6-t \\ z = 2-t \end{cases}$$

$$I) 2+t = t$$

$$II) 4-t = 6-t$$

$$III) -t = 2-t$$

Não são concorrentes.

$$26) a) \begin{cases} x = t_1 \\ y = -5+2t_1 \\ z = 2-t_1 \end{cases}$$

$$r) \begin{cases} x = 5+t_2 \\ y = mt_2 \\ z = -1+t_2 \end{cases}$$

$$I) t_1 = 5+t_2$$

$$II) -5+2t_1 = -1+t_2$$

$$2t_1 = -2$$

$$t_1 = -1$$

$$t_2 = 4$$

$$III) mt_2 = -5+2t_1$$

$$-m = -5+8$$

$$-m = 3$$

$$m = -3$$

$$b) \begin{cases} x = m-t_1 \\ y = 1+t_1 \\ z = 2t_1 \end{cases}$$

$$r) \begin{cases} x = 1+3t_2 \\ y = -2+t_2 \\ z = -2t_2 \end{cases}$$

$$I) 2t_1 = -2+t_2$$

$$t_1 = -t_2$$

$$II) 1+t_1 = -2+t_2$$

$$1-t_2 = -2+t_2$$

$$2t_2 = 3$$

$$t_2 = 3/2$$

$$t_1 = -3/2$$

$$III) m+3/2 = 1+9/2$$

$$m = 1+6/2$$

$$m = 8/2$$

$$m = 4$$

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$$\begin{aligned} 27) \quad \text{I) } \begin{cases} x = 1 + 2t_1 \\ y = -t_1 \\ z = 3 \end{cases} \quad \text{II) } \begin{cases} x = t_2 \\ y = -1 + t_2 \\ z = 2 + t_2 \end{cases} \quad \text{III) } \begin{cases} -t_1 = -1 + t_2 \\ t_1 = 1 - t_2 \end{cases} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{IV) } 3 = 2 + t_2 \quad \text{V) } t_1 = 0 \quad \text{I} (1, 0, 3) \\ \underline{t_2 = 1} \quad \text{A} (0, 1, 0)$$

$$\text{IV) } P = A + t(I - A)$$

$$(x, y, z) = (0, 1, 0) + t(-1, -1, 3)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{II) } \begin{cases} x = t \\ y = 1 - t \\ z = 3t \end{cases} \quad \begin{cases} x = \frac{y-1}{-1} = \frac{z-3}{3} \\ y = -x + 1 \\ z = 3x \end{cases} \end{aligned}$$

$$28) \quad \text{I) } \begin{cases} x = 2 + t \\ y = t \\ z = -1 + 2t \end{cases} \quad \begin{array}{c} A(2, -1, 2) \\ B(1, 0, -1) \\ C(2+t, t, -1+2t) \end{array}$$

$$\text{I) } \vec{AC} = C - A = (t, t+1, 2t+1)$$

$$\text{II) } |\vec{AC}| = |\vec{BC}|$$

$$\vec{BC} = C - B = (t+1, t, 2t)$$

$$\sqrt{t^2 + (t+1)^2 + (2t+1)^2} = \sqrt{(t+1)^2 + t^2 + (2t)^2}$$

$$t^2 + t^2 + 2t + 1 + 4t^2 + 4t + 1 = t^2 + 2t + 1 + t^2 + 4t^2$$

$$4t = -1$$

$$\underline{t = -1/4}$$

$$\text{III) } x = 2 + (-1/4) = 3/4$$

$$y = -1/4$$

$$C(3/4, -1/4, -3/2)$$

$$z = -1 - 2/4 = -3/2$$

29)

7.

$$r: \begin{cases} x=2+t \\ y=1+2t \\ z=3+2t \end{cases}$$

a)  $\vec{AP} = P-A = (t, 2t, 2t)$

$A(2, 1, 3)$

I)  $|\vec{AP}| = 6$

$\sqrt{t^2 + (2t)^2 + (2t)^2} = 6$

$t^2 + 4t^2 + 4t^2 = 6^2$

$t^2 = 36/9 \Rightarrow t = \pm 2$

II)  $P(4, 5, 7)$  ou

$P(0, -3, -1)$

b)  $\vec{BP} = P-B = (1+t, 2+2t, 2t)$

$B(1, -1, 3)$

I)  $|\vec{BP}| = 2$

$\sqrt{(1+t)^2 + (2+2t)^2 + (2t)^2} = 2$

$\Rightarrow t = -10 \pm 8$

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$1 + 2t + t^2 + 4 + 8t + 4t^2 + 4t^2 = 4$

$9t^2 + 10t + 1 = 0$

$t^2 = -1$

$\Delta = 100 - 36$

$t = -1/9$

$\Delta = 64$

II)  $P(1, -1, 1)$  ou  $P(17/9, 7/9, 25/9)$

30)  $A(1, 3, 5)$

$r: (x, y, z) = (1, 3, 5) + t(-1, 3, 0)$

7.

$P(0, 0, 5)$

$\Rightarrow r: \frac{x-1}{-1} = \frac{y-3}{3}, z=5$

$\vec{AP} = P-A = (-1, -3, 0)$

3)  $-2x+3 = -y+3$

$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} y=3x \\ z=5 \end{cases}$

$y=3x$

31) a)  $A(4, -2, 2)$

$r: x = 2y = -2z \Rightarrow r: \frac{x}{2} = \frac{y}{1} = \frac{z}{-1}$

5.  $\frac{x-4}{2} = \frac{y+2}{1} = \frac{z-2}{-1}$

$\vec{v} = (2, 1, -1)$

$\Rightarrow 5: \begin{cases} x = -2z + 8 \\ y = -z \end{cases}$

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b) P(0,0,0)

i)  $\pi: \frac{2x-1}{3} = \frac{y+2}{-2} = \frac{2z-2}{1}$

$\pi: \frac{x-1/2}{3} = \frac{y+2}{-2} = \frac{z-1}{1}$

$\vec{v}_\pi = (3, -4, 1)$

ii)  $S: x = -y = -z$

$\vec{v}_S = (1, -1, -1)$

iii)  $\vec{v} = \vec{v}_\pi \times \vec{v}_S = \begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} & \hat{k} \\ 3 & -4 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 & -1 \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} \\ 3 & -4 \\ 1 & -1 \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} \\ 3 & -4 \\ 1 & -1 \end{vmatrix}$

$4\hat{i} + \hat{j} - 3\hat{k} + 4\hat{k} + \hat{i} + 3\hat{j}$

$5\hat{i} + 4\hat{j} + \hat{k}$

$(5, 4, 1)$

iv)  $q: \begin{cases} 5t \\ 4t \\ t \end{cases}$

32)  $\vec{v} = \vec{AB} = \vec{B} - \vec{A} = (-2, 4, -2)$

$\vec{P} = (-2, 4, 0)$

$\cos \theta = \frac{|\vec{v} \cdot \vec{P}|}{|\vec{v}| \cdot |\vec{P}|} = \frac{|4+16|}{\sqrt{24} \cdot \sqrt{20}} = \frac{20}{4\sqrt{30}} = \frac{5}{\sqrt{30}}$

$\cos \theta = \frac{5\sqrt{30}}{30} = \frac{\sqrt{30}}{6} \rightarrow \theta \approx 24,4^\circ$

33)  $\begin{cases} x=t \\ y=5t-4 \\ z=-2t+6 \end{cases}$

$\vec{v} = (1, 5, -2)$

$\vec{P} = (1, 5, 0)$

i)  $z=0$

$-2x+6=0$

$x=3$

ii)  $y=5x-4$

$y=15-4$

$y=8$

iii)

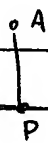
$S: \begin{cases} x=3+t \\ y=8+5t \\ z=0 \end{cases}$

34) a)  $A(3, 4, -2)$

$\vec{r}$

$P(1+t, 2-t, 4+2t)$

$\vec{v}_p = (1, -1, 2)$



$\vec{v}_p \cdot \vec{PA} = 0$

$\vec{PA}(4, 0, -2)$

$(1, -1, 2) \cdot (2-t, 2+t, -2t-6) = 0$

$2-t + (-2-t) + (-4t-12) = 0$

$-6t = 12$

$\underline{t = -2}$

$\therefore \begin{cases} x = 3 + 4t \\ y = 4 \\ z = -2 - 2t \end{cases}$

b)  $|\vec{AP}| = \sqrt{4^2 + (-2)^2} = \sqrt{20}$

c) ?